Advance SIGNAL GENERATOR

TYPE B4
Including B4A, B4B, B4A/C and B4B/C

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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Advance

SIGNAL GENERATOR TYPE B4

(Including B4A: B4B: B4A/C: B4B/C)

THE Advance Type B4 Signal Generator is available in two versions, the B4A and B4B, each providing a wide frequency range with accurate frequency and output voltage calibration.

The frequency ranges are 100 kc/s to 80 Mc/s on B4A, and 30 kc/s to 30 Mc/s on B4B. The accuracy of frequency calibration is \pm 1%. A linear scale and vernier are provided to give very close resetting accuracy. Due to the use of a crystal voltmeter followed by our type A.38 high frequency resistive attenuator, the output is measured to \pm (1 dB + 2% F.S.D.).

The signal can be modulated internally at 400 c/s from 0 to 80%. External modulation, also 0 to 80%, may be applied up to 30 kc/s into the B4A and up to 10 kc/s into the B4B. Both internal and external modulation depths are monitored.

The instruments are of robust construction and are 'simple to operate.

SPECIFICATION

FREQUENCY

Frequency ranges.

B4A/C 100 kc/s to 80 Mc/s in 6 ranges. Accuracy ± 1%. 3-10 Mc/s. Range A: 100- 300 kc/s. Range D: Range B: 300–1000 kc/s. Range E: Range C: 1– 3 Mc/s. Range F: 10-30 Mc/s. 30-80 Mc/s.B4B/C 30 kc/s to 30 Mc/s in 6 ranges. Accuracy ± 1%.

Range A: 30-100 kc/s. Range D: 1-3 Mc/s.

Range B: 100-300 kc/s. Range E: 3-10 Mc/s. 10-30 Mc/s. Range C: 300-1000 kc/s. Range F:

R.F. OUTPUT VOLTAGE Accuracy \pm (1 dB + 2% F.S.D.).

The output voltage from the 75 ohm attenuator is fed into a 75 ohm transmission line which is terminated with a 75 ohm dummy aerial pad. The output into 75 ohms is continuously variable from 1µV to 100mV by means of a 4-step decade attenuator and a continuously variable control. The signal is monitored after the variable control to ensure accuracy at high frequencies.

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

The output impedance at the end of the unterminated transmission line is 75 ohms. When terminated by the Termination Pad type TP1A supplied with the instrument, three impedance values are available:-

(1) 37 ohms (with full output).

(2) 10 ohms (with one-tenth indicated output).

(3) A standard dummy aerial (with one-tenth indicated output).

INTERNAL MODULATION

Frequency 400 c/s \pm 10 % . Modulation depth 0 to 80%; \pm 1 dB \pm 2% F.S.D.

EXTERNAL MODULATION

B4A 10 c/s to 30 kc/s, 0 to 80% for frequencies less than 1/30th of the carrier frequency.

B4B 10 c/s to 10 kc/s, 0 to 80% for frequencies less than 1/30th of the carrier frequency.

Approximately 10% modulation depth per volt input into high impedance is obtained. The modulation depth is monitored. Accuracy ± 1 dB.

SPECIFICATION

A.F. OUTPUT

This is obtained from the internal modulation oscillator at approximately 400 c/s. Output is approximately 0 to 10 volts into 600 ohms.

R.F. LEAKAGE

Good screening and filtering have reduced stray radiation to less than 1µV.

ACCESSORIES

Each instrument is supplied with the following:—

1 ECC 91 Mullard valve (6J6)

1 6SN7GT valve 1 6X5GT valve

1 Pilot lamp, type M.E.S. 11 mm, 6.5 volts 1 Termination and Dummy Aerial Pad, type TP1A 1 Shielded R.F. Feeder, complete with plugs, type PL5

1 Shielded A.F. Lead, complete with plug and crocodile clips, type PL18

1 Mains Lead, type PL24

POWER SUPPLY

B4A, B4B: 110, 210, 230, 250 volts 40–100 c/s.

Consumption approximately 25 watts.

A model is also available for 110-125, 140-160, 220 volts 40-100 c/s. and 117 volts 25-60 c/s.

WEIGHT

25 lb (11.4 kg) nett

DIMENSIONS

13 in. \times 12\frac{3}{2} in. \times 7\frac{1}{4} in. (33.0 cm \times 31.4 cm \times 18.4 cm)

SPECIFICATION OF TERMINATION PAD TYPE TP1A

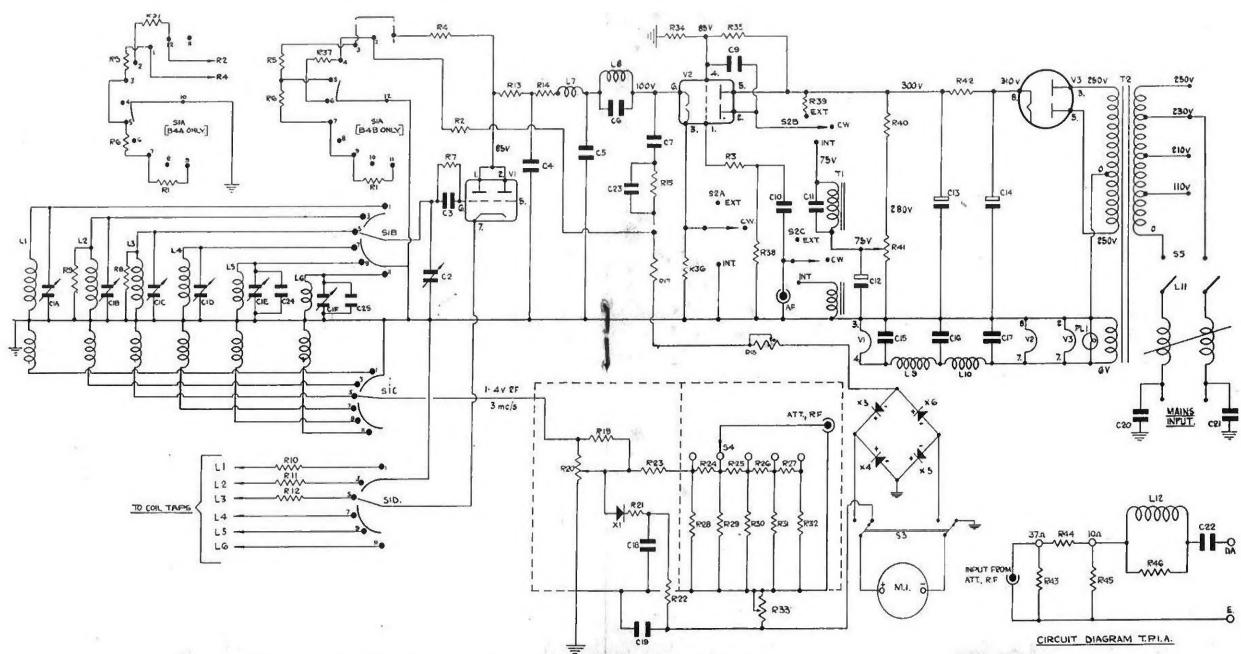
Input impedance 75 ohms.

Outputs: 37 ohms at full voltage.

10 ohms giving one-tenth of input voltage.

A standard dummy aerial giving one-tenth of input

The TP1A is shown on the circuit diagram.



THE RIGHT IS RESERVED TO ADJUST VALUES OR AMEND THIS CIRCUIT WITHOUT NOTICE

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REF.	DESCRIPTION RESISTOR	PART No.	REF.	DESCRIPTION RESISTOR	PART No.	REF.	DESCRIPTION CAPACITORS	PART No.	REF.	DESCRIPTION	PART No.
RI	15KΩ 10% ‡ WATT R.M.A.9	1177	R34	IM Ω 10% + WATT R.M.A.9	1171	CI	A-F 3-30pF Concentric Trimmers	1620	LI	Oscillator Coil. 100-300 kc/s B4A	RF 541
R2	330KΩ 10% WATT	4408	R35	2-2M Ω 10% 1 WATT R.M.A.9	1180	C2	13-514pF Variable Condenser	7368 7492	L2	Oscillator Coil. 30-100 kc/s B4B Oscillator Coil. 300-1000 kc/s B4A	RF 551
3	10K Ω 10% WATT R.M.A.9	671	R36	5-1KΩ 10%	7496 5024	C4	100pF 5ILVERED MICA 200pF 5% 5ilvered Mica on B4A	7493	LZ	Oscillator Coil, 100-300 kc/s 84B	RF 541
R4 R5	15K Ω 10% 4 WATT R.M.A.B 5-6K Ω 10% 4 WATT R.M.A.9	63B1 1525	R37 R38	680KΩ 10% ↓ WATT R.M.A.9 IMΩ 10% ↓ WATT R.M.A.9	1171	CT	-750pF 5% Silvered Mice on B4B	7577	L3	Oscillator Coil. 1-3 Mc/s B4A	RF 543
16	IOKΩ 10% WATT R.M.A.9	671	R39	100K Ω 10% WATT R.M.A.9	1270	C5	-330pF 5% Silvered Mica on B4A	7489		Oscillator Coil. 300-1000 kc/s 84B	RF 542
٠ ٦	15KΩ 10% WATT R.M.A.9	1177	R40	5-1KΩ 10% WATT R.M.A.9	7496	1386	1200pF 3% Silvered Mica on B4B	7579	L4	Oscillator Coil. 3-10 Mc/s B4A	RF 544
	B4A ONLY	100	R41	100K Ω 4 WATT POTENTIOMETER	7628	C6	-22pf 5% Silvered Mica on B4A	7488		Oscillator Coil. 1-3 Mc/s B48	RF 543
7 }	22KΩ 10% ‡ WATT R.M.A.9	1271	R42	IK Ω 10% WATT R.M.A.8	6911		-80 pF 5% Silvered Mica on B4B	7578	L5	Dscillator Coil, 10-30 Mc/s B4A	RF 545
J	84B DNLY		R43	270 Ω 1% WATT High Stability	6896	C7	0.5 µ 250V. D.C.W. Paper Tub.	10770	1.	Oscillator Coil. 3-10 Mc/s B4B	RF 544
B	22K Ω 10% ± WATT R.M.A.9	1271	R44	100 Ω 1% WATT High Stability	6106	-00	A CHOUDGWD TI	7401	L6	Dscillator Coil. 30-80 Mc/s B4A Dscillator Coil. 10-30 Mc/s B4B	RF 545
	B4B ONLY		R45	II Ω I% WATT High Stability	6414	C9	0-0 uF 350V, D.C.W, Paper Tub. 0-0 uF 350V, D.C.W, Paper Tub.	7491 7491	L7	Dscillator Coil. 10-30 Mc/s B4B R.F. Filter inductance B4A	C123
9	22KΩ 10% ‡ WATT R.M.A.9 B4A ONLY	1271	R46	390 Ω 10% ‡ WATT R.M.A.9	612	CII	0-Cuf 350V, D.C.W, Paper Tub.	7491	L.	R.F. Filter Inductance B4B	C124
10	IKIOQ % + WATT R.M.A.9. B4A	1175				C12	8uf 450V. D.C.W. Electrolytic	5921	LB	R.F. Filter Inductance B4A	C121
10	3-3KΩ10% WATT R.M.A.9 B4B	2736				C13	16uf 350V. D.C.W. Elec. B4A5	7014	1	R.F. Filter Inductance B4B	C123
.11	220Ω 10% WATT R.M.A.9 84A	1272	1		9 /		1611F 350V, D.C.W, elec, B485	7014	L9	L.T. R.F. CHDKE	C95
	ΙΚΩ 10% - WATT R.M.A.9 B4B	1175					32µF 350V, D.C.W. Elec. B4A6	7014	L10	L.T. R.F. CHOKE	C95
112	220 Ω 10% I WATT R.M.A.9 B4B	1272		0		C14	16µF 350V. D.C.W. Elec. B4A5	7014	LII	MAINS R.F. CHDKE	CB3
	DN 84A CONNECTION IS STRAIGHT						16µF 350v, D.C.W. Elec. 84B5	7014	L12	DUMMY AERIAL INDUCTANCE	
	TO COIL.	2000				010	32jiF 350v, D.C.W. Elec. B4A6	7014	VI.	FCC01 ((16)	7034
13	22 D 10% + WATT R.M.A.9	4419				C15	0-04µF Minlature Metallized Paper	7485 7485	VI V2	ECC91 (616) 65N7 GT.	5873
114	IKQ 10% + WATT R.M.A.9	1175				CIT	0-04µF Miniature Metallized Paper 0-04µF Miniature Metallized Paper	7485	V3	6X5GT .	3150
15	10K Q 10% T WATT R.M.A.9	671				CIB	0.01µF M/M 10% Hunes L6/4	5803	1 ,,	0,291	0.00
17	330K Ω 10% # WATT R.M.A.9	4408			1	CID	(MLW) H994	3003	XI	Silicon Crystal Rectifier. 8.T.H.	7110
813	250K Ω PLESSEY DO3/SER Q.C.	1107B				C19	0-04uF Miniature Metallized Paper	7485		Type C52A	
19	330Ω 10% + WATT R.M.A.9	7678				C20	0-05ul Moulded Mica	1524	2000	The state of the s	Seal and
20	91 \O NON-INDUCTIVELY WOUND					1251	0.005 HF 750V, D.C. Moulded Mica.	7131	X3-6	Crystal Diode GE, Westinghouse WG5B	11538
	PDT.	3754				10000	B4A6	1000	SIA/D	R.F. Switch	8332
121	IKΩ 10% ‡WATT R.M.A.9	1175	1			C21	0-005#F Moulded Mica	1524			7382
22	1.5KQ 10% FWATT R.M.A.9	4405				1 1/4/3	0-005 pF 750V. D.C. Moulded Mica.	7131	52	A.C. MODULATION SWITCH	6846
23	240Ω 1% HIGH STABILITY	5797			1	m	B4A6	7493	\$3	Meter 5witch DP/DT. Bulgin \$270 CHR/P	0070
24	743 Q 1% # WATT High Stability 743 Q 1% # WATT High Stability	6249		*	100	C22 C23	200p Moulded Mica 300p Miniature Metallized Paper 10pF 20% Ceramic Disc. B4A	7B50	\$4	ATTENUATOR SWITCH	A29
25	743 \(\Omega \) 1% WATT High Stability 743 \(\Omega \) 1% WATT High Stability	6249			- 33	C24	10pf 20% Ceremic Disc. B4A	4274	55	MAINS SWITCH	671B
27	743 \Q 1% WATT High Stability	6249			1 1		ONLY	4.656.3	PLI	Pilot Lamp Type ME5 11mm, 6.5v.	B79
28	120Ω 1% WATT High Stability	579B			190 92	C25	10ph 20% CERAMIC DISC.	4274	TI	MDDULATION TRANSFORMER	MT310
29		6250		7	Van St	3/10/2004	B48 ONLY		T2	MAINS TRANSFORMER	MT309
30	91 \(\Omega\) 2% \(\delta\) WATT High Stability 91 \(\Omega\) 2% \(\delta\) WATT High Stability	6250		Je v L	7 48 19	g/ (1919)		Marine III) FIELD	INPUT 110-210-230-250 V.	
31	91 Q 2% WATT High Stability	6250			1 - 5 BUT	19 30 7		Section 1	N POST	40-100 c/s on B4A5 & B4B5	MEST
32	82Ω 2% # WATT High Stability	6251	0 50 5		4, 54.1	2 1 1 1		1995	1 2003	INPUT 117V. 25-60 c/s on B4A6	MT 312 5880
3	SKΩ PRE-SET POTENTIOMETER	. SB84	S. M. Gara	White carries and a second serious field	BALL STATE	E. LOBELLISE	Many of the State	Maria Car	MI	100µA METER	2680

The voltages shown on the circuit diagram were measured on an "Avometer" model 8 [20,000 ohms per volt d.c.]

The 3 Mc/s r.f. measurement was taken on the advance "Advac" a.c. millivoltmeter.

All the measurements were taken with generator set to 3 Mc/s with modulation switched on and set to a depth of 50%

OPERATING

MAINS VOLTAGE

The B4A and B4B are normally despatched with the mains transformer set to operate at 220 to 240V, a.c. (40–100 c/s). For other supply voltages, withdraw the instrument from its case by unfastening the fixing screws round the edge of the front panel, unsolder the lead on the 230–volt tag on the mains transformer, and re-solder it to the appropriate tapping point.

With the correct mains voltage applied, the instrument can be switched on. Warming up takes only a few minutes.

FREQUENCY

Any frequency in the range of the instrument can be selected to an accuracy of $\pm 1\%$ by means of directly calibrated scales and a band selector switch. A linearly calibrated scale with vernier is also provided to enable high accuracy of re-setting to be obtained. If a given frequency is to be required on a number of occasions, the vernier scale reading should be noted, and when re-setting, the instrument should be set to the reading. Fine frequency adjustment is easily obtained using the double slow motion drive which gives a ratio of 25: 1. When desired, however, the knob on the main dial may be used to swing from one end of the band to the other.

R.F. OUTPUT

The r.f. output into a 75 ohm load, or available at the 37 ohm socket of the terminating pad type TP1A, is variable between 1µV and 100mV by means of a continuously variable control and a 5 position 20 dB per step attenuator. The output voltage is monitored at the input to the attenuator (after the continuously variable control) by a crystal voltmeter with an open scale. This method avoids the frequency errors inherent in the continuously variable control.

INSTRUCTIONS

To read the output voltage, press the switch marked SET MOD-CW into the CW position. The output voltage available into a 75 ohm load or at the 37 ohm socket of the TP1A is the product of the reading of the meter, which is calibrated 0 to 15, and the setting of the step attenuator marked X1μV, X10μV, X100μV, XImV, X10mV.

For accurate reading at the higher frequencies the output line must be correctly terminated, but up to about 5 Mc/s the output voltage may be doubled with slight error by omitting the termination.

When using the 10 ohm socket or the dummy aerial socket on the termination pad, the output voltage is one-tenth of the indicated output.

INTERNAL MODULATION

The signal can be internally modulated from 0 to 80% at 400 c/s. With the modulation switch set to INT MOD, modulation depth is varied by the MOD control. The modulation depth is monitored when the SET MOD-CW switch is set to MOD. Since the modulation depth is determined by the ratio of modulating voltage to h.t. voltage, it is advisable to maintain accurately the mains input voltage to the generator.

EXTERNAL MODULATION

The signal can be modulated from an external source up to 80%, the acceptable modulation frequencies being 10 c/s to 30 kc/s into the B4A and 10 c/s to 10 kc/s into the B4B. The upper modulation frequency is limited to 1/30th of the carrier frequency. It is desirable that the mains input voltage is accurately maintained so that the metering is accurate. The external modulating signal is injected into the A.F. socket with the modulation switch set to EXT MOD. Input impedance is high and a d.c. blocking capacitor is incorporated.

AUDIO FREQUENCY OUTPUT

A signal is available at the A.F. socket from the internal 400 c/s modulating oscillator when the modulating switch is at INT MOD. Approximately 0 to 10 volts is available into 600 ohms, varied by the MOD control. This output is taken from the secondary winding of the modulation transformer and has a low d.c. resistance to earth.

METER ADJUSTMENT

The monitoring circuits are correctly adjusted before leaving the factory. If after long use they become inaccurate, they can be corrected by means of the preset potentiometers provided. These potentiometers are situated just under the mains transformer.

The most accurate method of adjusting the r.f. metering is by the use of a calibrated crystal voltmeter with input impedance of 75 ohms, which will indicate 100mV. With 100mV into the calibrating meter, the instrument meter reading is adjusted to read 10 (X10mV) An alternative is to adjust the metering at a low r.f. frequency, preferably about 1 Mc/s. The output into a valve voltmeter should be 200mV when the instrument reads 100mV.

The modulation depth indication may be adjusted using an oscilloscope. Care should be taken to avoid errors due to the distortion of the oscilloscope amplifiers. It may be preferred to use the cathode ray tube plates directly, obtaining the deflecting voltage by loose coupling to the tuning capacitor.

SIGNAL GENERATOR—TYPE B4AC

Amendments to Handbook

- Page 2 Reference to 75 ohms impedance should read 50 ohms.
- Page 2 Reference to 37 ohms impedance should read 25 ohms.
- Page 3 Termination Pad type TP1A is replaced by TP1C.
- Page 3 RF lead PL5 is replaced by PL43.
- Page 3 AF lead PL18 is replaced by PL18/C.

Circuit Diagram R43 is 91 ohms PN.372

R23 is 162 ohms PN.362

R24 is 490 ohms PN.365

R25 is 490 ohms PN.365

R26 is 490 ohms PN.365

R27 is 490 ohms PN.365

R28 is 56 ohms PN.364

R29 is 62 ohms PN.363

R30 is 62 ohms PN.363

R31 is 62 ohms PN.363

R32 is 82 ohms PN.6251